CLAIM AMENDMENTS

- 1. (withdrawn) A method for creating photo-quality image with an ink-jet ink comprising:
 - (a) providing an inorganic porous media substrate;
- (b) providing an aqueous ink-jet ink comprising an ink vehicle and an effective amount of a metallized dye having at least one heterocyclic nitrogen ring and a diazo bond wherein the heterocyclic nitrogen is chelated or complexed to a transition metal; and
 - (c) jetting the aqueous ink-jet ink onto the inorganic porous media substrate.
- 2. (withdrawn) A method as in claim 1 wherein the metallized dye comprises a pyridine group bonded to a quinolinol group through an azo bond.
- 3. (withdrawn) A method as in claim 2 wherein the metallized dye is in a dicarboxalate form.
- 4. (withdrawn) A method as in claim 1 wherein the metallized dye comprises a pyridine group bonded to a naphthalene group through an azo bond.
- 5. (withdrawn) A method as in claim 1 wherein the porous media is a paper substrate having coated thereon an inorganic coating selected from the group consisting of silica, alumina, and combinations thereof.
- 6. (withdrawn) A method as in claim 1 wherein the inorganic porous media substrate has a pore size ranging from about 5 to 30 nanometers in width.
- 7. (withdrawn) A method as in claim 1 wherein the transition metal is selected from the group consisting of nickel, copper, iron, cobalt, and combinations thereof.
- 8. (withdrawn) A method as in claim 1 wherein the metallized dye is present in the aqueous ink-jet ink at from 0.1% to 5% by weight.

- 9. (withdrawn) A method as in claim 1 wherein the metallized dye has a ligand to transition metal molar ratio of 1:1.
- 10. (withdrawn) A method as in claim 1 wherein the metallized dye has a ligand to transition metal molar ratio of 2:1.

Claims 11-20 (canceled)

- 21. (previously presented) A photo-quality image on a substrate comprising:
- (a) a porous media substrate; and
- (b) an image on the substrate provided by an aqueous ink-jet ink comprising an ink vehicle, and a nickel metallized dye having a ligand to nickel molar ratio of 2:1, wherein said ligand has the structure:

- 22. (previously presented) A photo-quality image on a substrate as in claim 21, wherein the aqueous ink-jet ink is prepared by raising the pH of the ink with a pH adjuster to dissolve the nickel metallized dye, followed by lowering the pH to form the final ink product.
 - 23. (canceled)
 - 24. (canceled)
 - 25. (previously presented) A photo-quality image on a substrate comprising:

- (a) a porous media substrate; and
- (b) an image on the substrate provided by an aqueous ink-jet ink comprising an ink vehicle, and a nickel metallized dye having a ligand to nickel molar ratio of 1:1, wherein said ligand has the structure:

- 26. (previously presented) A photo-quality image on a substrate as in claim 25, wherein the nitrogen and the two carboxyl groups of the quinolinol group are bound to the nickel, satisfying the coordination number of the nickel.
 - 27. (previously presented) A photo-quality image on a substrate comprising:
 - (a) a porous media substrate; and
- (b) an image on the substrate provided by an aqueous ink-jet ink comprising an ink vehicle, and a nickel metallized dye having a ligand to nickel molar ratio of 1:1, wherein said ligand has the structure:

28. (withdrawn) A photo-quality image on a substrate as in claim 29, wherein the ink-jet ink includes a small amount of a pyridine solvent to improve the solubility of the nickel metallized dye in the ink-jet ink.

- 29. (withdrawn) A photo-quality image on a substrate comprising:
- (a) a porous media substrate; and
- (b) an image on the substrate provided by an aqueous ink-jet ink comprising an ink vehicle, and a nickel metallized dye having a ligand to nickel molar ratio of 2:1, wherein said ligand has the structure: